

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended.

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

Product number 58200

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** Fuel additive.

**Uses advised against**No specific uses advised against are identified.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Armored Auto UK Ltd

Unit 16

Rassau Industrial Estate

Ebbw Vale Gwent NP23 5SD UK

Tel: +44 1495 350234 Fax: +44 1495 350431

euregulatory@eu.spectrumbrands.com

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 1495 350234

Monday - Thursday: 0830 - 1700

Friday: 0830 - 1530

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

**Health hazards** Repr. 1B - H360FD Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

**Environmental hazards** Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

**Human health** Pneumonia may be the result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.

# 2.2. Label elements

#### **Pictogram**





#### STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

Signal word Danger

**Hazard statements** H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye and face protection. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics, Solvent naphtha

(petroleum), heavy arom., Ferrocene

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P391 Collect spillage. P405 Store locked up.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# 3.2. Mixtures

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2%

50 - 100%

aromatics

CAS number: — EC number: 926-141-6

REACH registration number: 01-

2119456620-43-XXXX

Classification

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.

1 - <2.5%

CAS number: 64742-94-5 EC number: 265-198-5

Classification

STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Polyolefin alkyl phenol alkyl amine

1 - < 2.5%

CAS number: —

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315

# STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

Ferrocene 1 - <2.5%

CAS number: 102-54-5 EC number: 203-039-3 REACH registration number: 01-

2119978280-34-XXXX

M factor (Chronic) = 10

Classification

Flam. Sol. 1 - H228 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Repr. 1B - H360FD STOT RE 2 - H373

Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 0.5 - <1%

CAS number: 95-63-6 EC number: 202-436-9

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Mesitylene 0.25 - <0.5%

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Naphthalene 0.25 - <0.5%

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Carc. 2 - H351

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing.

#### STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

**Ingestion** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting

occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical

attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

**Eye contact** Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**General information** May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

**Inhalation** Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may

cause chemical pneumonitis.

**Skin contact** Prolonged skin contact may cause redness and irritation.

**Eye contact** May cause temporary eye irritation.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

length of exposure.

#### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-

extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Oxides

of carbon. Toxic gases or vapours.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

Use protective equipment appropriate for surrounding materials.

for firefighters

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions**Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment

to avoid environmental contamination. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory

body.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots,

clothing or apron, as appropriate. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Containers with collected spillage

must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. For waste disposal, see Section

13.

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Usage precautions** Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations.

Advice on general Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin contact. No specific hygiene procedures

occupational hygiene recommended but good personal hygiene practices should always be observed when working

with chemical products. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap

and water before leaving the work site.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store

locked up.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 25 ppm 125 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### Mesitylene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 25 ppm 125 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### Naphthalene

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 15 ppm 80 mg/m³ Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 ppm 53 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

# 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment





**Eye/face protection** Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield.

Hand protection The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove

supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove

material.

Hygiene measures Do not smoke in work area. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes

contaminated. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the

toilet.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

### STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

ColourBurnt orangeOdourCharacteristic.Odour thresholdNot determined.

**pH** Not determined.

Melting point Not determined.

**Initial boiling point and range** Not determined.

Flash point 74°C

**Evaporation rate** Not determined.

**Evaporation factor** Not determined.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not determined.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not determined.

Vapour pressure Not determined.

Vapour density Not determined.

Relative density 0.8147

Bulk density 813.2 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Auto-ignition temperature Not determined.

Decomposition Temperature Not determined.

Viscosity Not determined.

**Explosive properties** Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties The mixture itself has not been tested but none of the ingredient substances meet the criteria

for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information No information required.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** The following materials may react with the product: Acids. Oxidising materials.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

Will not polymerise.

reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents.

#### STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

**Hazardous decomposition** Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

**products** Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO). Toxic gases or vapours.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 97,058.82

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 808.82

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Genotoxicity - in vivo**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Repr. 1B - H360F May damage fertility.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Repr. 1B - H360D May damage the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

**Aspiration hazard** Kinematic viscosity ≤ 20.5 mm²/s. Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aspiration hazard if swallowed.

**Skin contact** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

# STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

15,000.0

**Species** Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) REACH dossier information. Read-across data.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 15,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 3,160.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rabbit

Notes (dermal LD50) REACH dossier information. Read-across data.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 3,160.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC50 vapours mg/l)

4,951.0

Rat **Species** 

Notes (inhalation LC50) REACH dossier information. Read-across data.

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

4,951.0

# Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 ml, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Well defined erythema (2).

Oedema score: Very slight oedema - barely perceptible (1). REACH dossier

information. Read-across data.

# Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Dose: 0.1 ml, 1 second, Rabbit Not irritating. REACH dossier information. Read-

across data.

damage/irritation Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information. Read-across data.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information. Read-across data. Genotoxicity - in vitro

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Read-across data.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOAEC 1100 mg/m³, Inhalation, Mouse REACH dossier information. Read-across

data.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Fertility, One-generation study - NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat F1 REACH

dossier information. Read-across data.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Maternal toxicity: - NOAEL: >= 5220 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier

information.

# STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEC > 10400 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Read-across

data.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard 2.4 cSt @ 20°C Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

5,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 5,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 2,001.0

mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information.

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 2,001.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC<sub>50</sub> vapours mg/l)

590.0

**Species** Rat

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) US Department of Commerce NTIS Vol. OTS0534724

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

590.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 ml, 24 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Moderate to severe

erythema (3). Oedema score: Slight oedema - edges of area well defined by

definite raising (2). REACH dossier information.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Dose: 0.1 ml, 1 minute, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Not irritating.

damage/irritation
Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information.

**Genotoxicity - in vivo** Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Carcinogenicity

# STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

Carcinogenicity LOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Dermal, Mouse REACH dossier information. No evidence

of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Fertility - NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Embryotoxicity: - NOAEL: 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEC >= 24 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat REACH

dossier information.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard 1 - 2.4 cSt @ 40°C/104°F REACH dossier information. Kinematic viscosity ≤ 20.5

mm²/s.

Ferrocene

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

1,320.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) REACH dossier information.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 1,320.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 3,000.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rat

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 3,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Converted acute toxicity point estimate (cATpE)

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

11.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 g, 4 hours, Rabbit Primary dermal irritation index: 0.5 / 1 REACH dossier

information.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Dose: 0.1 g, 72 hours, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Not irritating.

damage/irritation

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information.

Germ cell mutagenicity

#### STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative. REACH dossier information.

**Genotoxicity - in vivo** Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Screening - NOEL 5 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P, F1 REACH dossier information.

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

6,000.0

**Species** Rat

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 6,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 3,440.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rat

Notes (dermal LD50) REACH dossier information. Read-across data.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 3,440.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC<sub>50</sub> vapours mg/l)

10.2

**Species** Rat

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information. Read-across data.

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

10.2

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 ml, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Well defined erythema (2).

REACH dossier information. Read-across data. Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Dose: 0.2 ml, 1 second, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Read-across data.

damage/irritation Slightly irritating.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information. Read-across data.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information.

**Genotoxicity - in vivo** Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

#### STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 600 mg/kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Read-across data.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard 0.63 cSt @ 50°C/122°F REACH dossier information. Not anticipated to present an

aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

Mesitylene

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

6,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD50) REACH dossier information. Read-across data.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 6,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD50 2,001.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information. Read-across data.

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 2,001.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC<sub>50</sub> dust/mist mg/l)

10.2

**Species** Rat

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information. Read-across data.

ATE inhalation 10.2

(dusts/mists mg/l)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 ml, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Well defined erythema (2).

REACH dossier information.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Dose: 0.2 ml, 1 second, Rabbit Not irritating. REACH dossier information. Read-

damage/irritation across data.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information. Read-across data.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information.

**Genotoxicity - in vivo** Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Multi-generation study - NOAEC 500 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier

information. Read-across data.

#### STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

Reproductive toxicity development

Maternal toxicity: - NOAEC: 492 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.

Aspiration hazard

**Aspiration hazard** 0.63 cSt @ 50°C/122°F REACH dossier information. Not anticipated to present an

aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

Naphthalene

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

533.0

**Species** Mouse

REACH dossier information. Notes (oral LD50)

ATE oral (mg/kg) 533.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 2,500.0

mg/kg)

mg/kg)

**Species** Rat

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) REACH dossier information.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 2,500.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)

not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 g, 24 hours, Rabbit Primary dermal irritation index: 1.75 / 8 REACH

dossier information. Not irritating

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Dose: 0.1 g, 24 hours, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Not irritating.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

# STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

NTP carcinogenicity Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - development

Developmental toxicity: - NOEL: 400 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rabbit REACH dossier

information.

2-ethylhexan-1-ol

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

3,290.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 3,290.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD50 3,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information.

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 3,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (vapours

11.0

mg/l)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Primary dermal irritation index: 6.75 Dose: 0.5 ml, 4 hours, Rabbit REACH dossier

information. Highly irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation

Dose: 0.1 ml, 1 second, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Irritating.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 2520 mg/kg/day, Dermal, Rat REACH dossier

**development** information.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.

Aspiration hazard

**Aspiration hazard** 4.3 mPa s @ 40°C/104°F REACH dossier information.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

# 12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

#### Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Acute toxicity - fish LL<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EL<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EL<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

REACH dossier information.

life stage

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOELR, 28 days: 0.173 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

**QSAR** 

REACH dossier information.

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOELR, 21 days: 1.22 mg/l, Daphnia magna

**QSAR** 

REACH dossier information.

### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.

LL<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 2 - 5 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) Acute toxicity - fish

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EL<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 1.4 mg/l, Daphnia magna

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants

EL<sub>50</sub>, 24 hours: 1 - 3 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata REACH dossier information.

Chronic toxicity - fish early

life stage

NOEL, 28 days: 0.098 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

REACH dossier information.

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

EL<sub>50</sub>, 21 days: 0.89 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

RFACH dossier information.

# **Ferrocene**

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 24.5 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 24 hours: 2.5 mg/l, Daphnia magna

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅o, 72 hours: 1.03 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus

REACH dossier information.

NOEC, 6 hours: > 87.6 mg/kg, Pseudomonas putida Acute toxicity -

microorganisms REACH dossier information.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

0.01 < NOEC ≤ 0.1 NOEC

M factor (Chronic) 10

# STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOEC, 14 days: 1.5 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

life stage REACH dossier information.

Chronic toxicity - aquatic NOEC, 21 days: ~ 0.0015 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates REACH dossier information.

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 7.72 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) Acute toxicity - fish

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 3.6 mg/l, Daphnia magna

EC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 2.356 mg/l, Freshwater algae

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants REACH dossier information.

**QSAR** 

Mesitylene

**Toxicity** Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 12.52 mg/l, Carassius auratus (Goldfish)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 6 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 25 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus REACH dossier information. plants

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates REACH dossier information.

Naphthalene

Acute aquatic toxicity

 $0.1 < L(E)C50 \le 1$ LE(C)50

M factor (Acute) 1

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 6.08 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

NOEC, 21 days: 2 mg/l, Daphnia magna

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 2.16 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates REACH dossier information.

IC<sub>50</sub>, 24 hours: 29 mg/l, Nitrosomonas Acute toxicity -

microorganisms REACH dossier information.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

M factor (Chronic) 1

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOEC, 40 days: ~ 0.37 mg/l, Oncorhynchus kisutch (Coho salmon)

REACH dossier information. life stage

Chronic toxicity - aquatic NOEC, 125 days: 0.59 mg/l, Daphnia pulex

invertebrates REACH dossier information.

# STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

### 2-ethylhexan-1-ol

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 17.1 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 39 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 11.5 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

plants

REACH dossier information.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No data available.

# Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

**Biodegradation** Water - Degradation ~ 5%: 3 days

Water - Degradation 69: 28 days REACH dossier information.

Readily biodegradable but failing the 10-day window.

# Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.

Biodegradation Water - Degradation 61 %: 28 days

Readily biodegradable but failing the 10-day window.

REACH dossier information.

#### Ferrocene

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (56%): 28 days

REACH dossier information. Inherently biodegradable.

# 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

Phototransformation Water - DT₅₀ : 12 hours

REACH dossier information.

#### Mesitylene

Biodegradation - Degradation (50%): 4.4 days

REACH dossier information.

**QSAR** 

The substance is readily biodegradable.

# Naphthalene

Biodegradation - Degradation (99.9%): 15.2±8.4 days

REACH dossier information.

The substance is readily biodegradable.

# 2-ethylhexan-1-ol

**Biodegradation** Water - Degradation 79 - 99.9%: 2 weeks

REACH dossier information.

The substance is readily biodegradable.

#### STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Partition coefficient Scientifically unjustified. REACH dossier information.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of

this product.

Ferrocene

Partition coefficient log Pow: 3.711 REACH dossier information.

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 243, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) QSAR REACH dossier

information.

Partition coefficient log Kow: 3.65 REACH dossier information.

Mesitylene

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 161, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) REACH dossier information.

**QSAR** 

Naphthalene

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 36.5 - 168, Cyprinus carpio (Common carp) REACH dossier information.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 3.4 REACH dossier information.

2-ethylhexan-1-ol

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 25.33, REACH dossier information.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 2.9 REACH dossier information.

12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

**Mobility** The product has poor water-solubility.

Surface tension 26.4 mN/m @ 25°C

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.

Mobility The product contains organic solvents which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

The product has poor water-solubility.

Ferrocene

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

- log Koc: ~ 3 @ 25°C/77°F REACH dossier information.

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Soil - log Koc 3.04 REACH dossier information. QSAR

Mesitylene

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Water - log Koc: 2.87 REACH dossier information. QSAR

2-ethylhexan-1-ol

**Surface tension** 47 mN/m @ 20°C/68°F REACH dossier information.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not determined.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations** 

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

**UN No. (ADR/RID)** 3082

**UN No. (IMDG)** 3082

**UN No. (ICAO)** 3082

**UN No. (ADN)** 3082

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Ferrocene)

(ADR/RID)

**Proper shipping name (IMDG)** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Ferrocene)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Ferrocene)

**Proper shipping name (ADN)** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Ferrocene)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 9

ADR/RID classification code M6

ADR/RID label 9

IMDG class 9

# STP® Lead Substitute with Octane Booster

ICAO class/division 9

ADN class 9

Transport labels



#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group III

IMDG packing group III

ADN packing group III

ICAO packing group III

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



# 14.6. Special precautions for user

**EmS** F-A, S-F

ADR transport category 3

Emergency Action Code •3Z

Hazard Identification Number 90

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (E)

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

**EU legislation** Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

# SECTION 16: Other information

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Repr. 1B - H360FD: Calculation method. Asp. Tox. 1 - H304: Calculation method. Aquatic

Chronic 2 - H411: Calculation method. EUH066: Expert judgement.

Revision comments Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients // 3.2 Mixtures. Section 8: Exposure

controls/personal protection // 8.1. Control parameters. Section 11: Toxicological information // 11.1. Information on toxicological effects. Section 12: Ecological information // 12.1. Toxicity.

Section 12: Ecological information // 12.2. Persistence and degradability. Section 12:

Ecological information // 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential. Section 12: Ecological information //

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Revision date 15/05/2015

Revision 7

Supersedes date 18/03/2015

SDS number 125

Risk phrases in full R10 Flammable.

R11 Highly flammable. R20 Harmful by inhalation.

R20/22 Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.

R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R37 Irritating to respiratory system.

R38 Irritating to skin.

R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

R48/20/22 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through

inhalation and if swallowed.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

R60 May impair fertility.

R61 May cause harm to the unborn child.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Hazard statements in full H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H228 Flammable solid. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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